

**DHIRAJ H. MEHTA & Co.**  
**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

Office: - Flat No 706, Blds No 3, C-Wing, Dheeraj Enclave, Off Western Express Highway, Borivall (E),  
Mumbai- 400 066. Cell: 9619-821-033. E- Mail – [dhirajmehta@gmail.com](mailto:dhirajmehta@gmail.com)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**TO THE MEMBERS OF**

**TKD Digitrans Tech Private Limited**

**Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **TKD Digitrans Tech Private Limited**, comprising the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. My responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. I believe that the audit evidence obtained by me is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on the financial statements.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for the financial period ended 31st March, 2024.

I have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.



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**Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information but does not include the financial statements and my audit's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained during the course of my audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

When I read the Company's annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take necessary actions, as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

**Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

**Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of Ind AS Financial Statements**

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to



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continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion on the Financial Statement.

**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020, ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, I give in Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2.

A. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, I report that:

a. I have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of my audit;



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- b. In my opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from my examination of those books;
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Change in Equity and the statement of Cash Flows, dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d. In my opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 2013 of the Act;
- e. On the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors are disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, from being appointed as a Director in terms Section 164 (2) Companies Act, 2013;
- f. Reporting on the adequacy of Internal Financial Control Over Financial Reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, under section 143(3)(i) of the Act is not applicable in view of the exemption available to the Company in terms of the notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated 13 June 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, read with general circular No. 08/2017 dated 25 July 2017;
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me: -
- a) The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position;
- b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any materials foreseeable losses;
- c) There were no amounts which was required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund;
- d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other



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persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on audit procedures which I considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to my notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and d (ii) contain any material mis-statement.

c) The Company has not declared or paid any dividends during the period and accordingly reporting on the compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable for the period under consideration.

f) The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023.

Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software's for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for relevant transactions recorded in the respective software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.



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As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024

C. In my information and according to the explanations given to me, the Company being a private company, section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration not applicable.

**FOR DHIRAJ H MEHTA & CO.**  
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**FIRMS REGISTRATION NO. 145318W**



**DHIRAJ H. MEHTA**  
**PROPRIETOR**  
**MEMBERSHIP NUMBER: 129288**  
**PLACE:-MUMBAI**  
**DATED:-27<sup>th</sup> May 2024**  
**UDIN:- 24129288BKATRU3077**

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**ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Referred to Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of my report of even date, I report that:

(i)

a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The Company is having Intangible Assets and has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Intangible Assets.

(b) A substantial portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the Management at regular intervals and in my opinion the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to information and explanation given to me, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification as compared to available records.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to me and on the basis of my examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company except below:-

In respect of immovable properties taken on lease and disclosed as right of-use-assets in the standalone financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company.

(d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

(e) As per Information given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the





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Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

- (ii) (a) The Company is a Service Company. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventory. Thus, this para of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, during the period. Thus, this para of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to me and on the basis of my examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the period, hence clause (iii)(a),(b),(c),(d),(e) and (f) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to me and on the basis of my examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company has not provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder are applicable.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of Cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to me and the records of the Company examined by me, in my opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee's state insurance, income-tax, sale-tax, wealth-tax, custom duty,



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excise duty, GST, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities .

However, according to the information and explanations given to me, there are no outstanding statutory dues which have remained outstanding as to last date of the financial period for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to me, there are no dues of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Value added tax, Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes.
- (viii) In my opinion and according to the record of the Company examined by me and the information and explanation given to me, the company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income tax Act, 1961 as income during the period.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanation given to me and on the basis of my examination of the books of account, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lenders, as Company does not having any borrowing during the period.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to me and on the basis of my examination of the books of account, the company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institutions or other lender.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to me and on the basis of my examination of the books of account, the company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to me and overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, I report that no funds have been raised on short term basis by the company. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to me and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, I report that the



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Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to me and procedures performed by me, I report that the Company has not raised loans during the period on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associates as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

(x) (a) According to the information and explanation given to me and on the basis of my examination of the books of account, the company has not raised money by way of initial Public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to me and on the basis of my examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the period. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to me, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, I report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to me, no report under sub-section (12) of the section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 was required to be filed by me in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to me, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the period.

(xii) According to the information and explanations given to me, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.



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- (xiii) In my opinion and according to the information and explanations given to me, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to me, internal audit is not applicable to the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In my opinion and according to the information and explanations given to me, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to me during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the current period of Rs 17,75,622/- and Rs 4,63,191/- in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the period. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to me and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, my knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and



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based on my examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to my attention, which causes me to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. I, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. I further state that my reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and I neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to me, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

**FOR DHIRAJ H MEHTA & CO.**  
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**FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 145318W**



**DHIRAJ H. MEHTA**  
**PROPRIETOR**  
**MEMBERSHIP NUMBER: 129288**  
**PLACE:-MUMBAI**  
**DATED:-27<sup>th</sup> May 2024**  
**UDIN: 24129288BKATRU3077**

TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Balance Sheet as at March 31 2024, 2023 (Amt in "Rs. '000")		
		NOTE	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>I</b>	<b>ASSETS</b>			
	<b>Non-current assets</b>			
	a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	658.60	27.94
	b) Capital Work-in-Progress	5	1,255.00	-
	c) Investment Property			
	d) Other Intangible Assets	5	3,205.82	1,364.29
	c) <b>Financial Assets</b>		-	-
	i) Investments		-	-
	ii) Other Financial Assets		-	-
	f) Other Non-current Assets		-	-
	<b>Total Non-current assets</b>		<b>5,119.42</b>	<b>1,392.23</b>
	<b>Current Assets</b>			
	a) Inventories		-	-
	b) <b>Financial Assets</b>			
	i) Trade Receivables	6	-	3.00
	ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	2.14	165.75
	iii) Other Financial Assets	8	500.00	-
	c) Current Tax Assets		-	-
	d) Other Current Assets	9	432.72	182.95
	<b>Total Current assets</b>		<b>934.86</b>	<b>351.70</b>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>6,054.28</b>	<b>1,743.93</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
	<b>Equity</b>			
	a) Equity Share Capital	10	100.00	100.00
	b) Other Equity	11	(2,571.38)	(491.67)
	<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>(2,471.38)</b>	<b>(391.67)</b>
	<b>Liabilities</b>			
	<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
	a) <b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
	i) Long Term Borrowings		-	-
	b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		-	-
	c) Other Non Current Liabilities		-	-
	<b>Total Non-current liabilities</b>		-	-
	<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
	a) <b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
	i) Short Term Borrowings	12	6,960.98	-
	ii) Trade Payable	13	561.40	132.62
	iii) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-
	b) Other Current Liabilities	14	1,003.28	2,002.97
	c) Provisions		-	-
	<b>Total Current liabilities</b>		<b>8,525.66</b>	<b>2,135.59</b>
	<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>6,054.28</b>	<b>1,743.92</b>
	Notes forming part of the Financial Statements			

As per my report of Even date

For Dhiraaj H Mehta & Co.  
Chartered Accountants

Dhiraaj H Mehta  
Proprietor

UDIN: 24120288BKATRU3077

Membership No. 129288

Mumbai, May 27, 2024

For TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED

*(Signature)*

Amit Shah  
Director  
DIN:07548548

*(Signature)*

Rakshit Shah  
Directors  
DIN:07014656

M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Statement of Profit and Loss for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (Amt in "Rs. '000")		
		NOTE	2024	2023
I	Revenue From Operations	15	12.28	12.50
II	Other Income			
III	<b>TOTAL INCOME ( I + II )</b>		<b>12.28</b>	<b>12.50</b>
IV	<b>EXPENSES:</b>			
	a) Employee Benefit Expenses	16	302.88	290.91
	b) Financial Costs	17	57.54	-
	c) Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	4 & 5	304.08	28.48
	d) Other Expenses	18	1,427.48	184.78
	<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>		<b>2,091.98</b>	<b>504.17</b>
V	<b>PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND TAX ( III - IV )</b>		<b>(2,079.70)</b>	<b>(491.67)</b>
	Add/ (less):- Exceptional Items (net)		-	-
VI	<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>		<b>(2,079.70)</b>	<b>(491.67)</b>
VII	<b>TAX EXPENSE:</b>			
	a) Current Tax		-	-
	b) Deferred Tax		-	-
	<b>TOTAL TAX EXPENSE</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
VIII	<b>PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ( VI - VII )</b>		<b>(2,079.70)</b>	<b>(491.67)</b>
IX	<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:</b>			
	<b>ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS</b>			
	(i) Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans;		-	-
	Deferred tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
	Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
	<b>TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
X	<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (VIII + IX)</b>		<b>(2,079.70)</b>	<b>(491.67)</b>
	<b>NO. OF PAID UP EQUITY SHARES (Face Value of Rs.10/-each)</b>		<b>10.00</b>	<b>10.00</b>
XI	Earnings per Equity Share (Face Value of Rs.10/-each)			
	<b>Basic and Diluted Earning per Share</b>			
	On the Basis of Profit for the Year		<b>(207.97)</b>	<b>(49.17)</b>
	<b>Notes forming part of the Financial Statements</b>			

As per my report of Even date

For Dhiraj H. Mehta & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Dhiraj H. Mehta  
Proprietor

UDIN: 24129988BKATRU3077

Membership No. 129288

Mumbai, May 27, 2024

For TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED

Amit Shah

Director

DIN:07548548

Rakshit Shah

Directors

DIN:07014656

TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Statement of Cashflow for the year ended March 31, 2024 and 2023			
		2024		2023	
		Amt in "Rs. '000"		Amt in "Rs. '000"	
<b>1</b>	<b>Cashflow from Operating Activities</b>				
	Profit Before Tax		(2,079.70)		
	<b>Adjustments for :</b>				
	Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	304.08			
	Financial Costs		304.08		
	<b>Operating Profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>(1,775.62)</b>		
	Decrease \ (Increase) in Trade Receivable	3.00			
	Decrease \ (Increase) in Other Current Assets	(749.77)			
	Decrease \ (Increase) in Other Non Current Assets				
	Increase \ (Decrease) in Non Current Liability				
	Increase \ (Decrease) in Trade Payable and Other Current Liability	(570.92)			
	<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>		<b>(1,317.69)</b>		
	Less : Taxes Paid		(3,093.31)		
	<b>Net Cashflow from Operating Activities</b>		<b>(3,093.31)</b>		
<b>2</b>	<b>Cashflow from Investing Activities</b>				
	Other Investment	(4,031.28)			
	Capital Advances				
	<b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>		<b>(4,031.28)</b>		
<b>3</b>	<b>Cashflow from Financing Activities</b>				
	Increase / (Decrease) Long Term Borrowing				
	Increase / (Decrease) Short Term Borrowing	6,960.98			
	Financial Costs				
	<b>Net Cashflow from Financing Activities</b>		<b>6,960.98</b>		
	<b>Net increase / (Decrease) in cash and Cash Equivalents ( 1 + 2 + 3)</b>		<b>(163.61)</b>		
	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>		<b>165.75</b>		
	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>		<b>2.14</b>		

The Cash flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) Statement of Cash Flows.

As per my report of Even date

For Dhiraj H. Mehta & Co.  
Chartered Accountants



DIN: 24129288BKATRU3077

Membership No. 129288

Mumbai, May 27, 2024

*Dhiraj*

For TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED

Amit Shah  
Director  
DIN:07548548

Rakshit Shah  
Directors  
DIN:07014656

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
**YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024**

**NOTE: -1**

**1) CORPORATE INFORMATION**

TKD Digitrans Tech Pvt. Ltd. is a entity incorporated in India. The registered office of the Company is located at Old Number 45, New1/3,1st Main, 1st cross 3rd Floor, J P Nagar,2nd phase Bangalore, Karnataka-560078.

TKD Digitrans Tech Pvt. Ltd is primarily engaged in the business of providing digital solution in transportation and logistics sector on electronic platform and to set up online platforms and software applications that will help the buyers, sellers and others effectively reach each other across the globe for the transportation of goods.

**2) BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

TKD Digitrans Tech Pvt. Ltd. is subsidiary of listed Company, namely M/s. Shreeji Translogisitcs Ltd.

The Company presents assets and liabilities in its Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

**a. Operating cycle**

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the services, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

**b. Basis of measurement**

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
**YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024**

**c. Functional and presentation currency**

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Company's functional currency.

**d. Key estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgments based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

- Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized.
- Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment's
- Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations
- Recognition of deferred tax assets
- Discounting of long-term financial liabilities
- Fair value of financial instruments
- Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

**e. Measurement of fair values**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.



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When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

**3) STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**a. Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind ASs notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

**b. Property, Plant and Equipment**

i) Recognition and measurement

Owned assets (tangible/ intangible) are stated at cost (including revalued amounts), less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

All costs, including borrowing costs relating to fixed assets which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to



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**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. When fixed assets are revalued, any surplus on revaluation is credited to the Revaluation Reserve. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

Cost incurred on Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for use before Balance Sheet date is disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

Expenditure in nature of civil work in respect of premises taken on lease is capitalized under Leasehold Improvement. Leasehold Improvements are amortized over the lease period on straight line basis.

Fixed assets exclude Computers and Other Assets individually costing Rs. 10,000 or less which are not capitalized except when they are part of a larger capital investment program.

Property, Plant and Equipment are eliminated from financial statement on disposal and gains or losses arising from disposal are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of occurrence.

ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.

When Significant parts of Property, Plant and equipment's are required to be replaced, the Company derecognizes the replaced part and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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iii) Depreciation

The Depreciable amount for Property, Plant and Equipment is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on Tangible fixed assets has been provided on the Written down Value method as per estimated useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Where there is reasonable certainty that the Company shall obtain ownership of the assets at the end of the lease term, such assets are depreciated at the rates prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or at the higher rates adopted by the Company for similar assets.

**c. Capital Work in progress**

Capital Work in progress comprises of Salary expenses of Intangible Asset under Development which is not ready to use. Total amount of Capital work in progress is Rs. 12.55 lacs as at March 31, 2024 (2023: Rs. NIL)

**d. Investment Property**

i) Recognition and measurement

Investment Property comprise of Freehold Land and Building. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition.

ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on Investment Property is provided, under the WDV Method, as per estimated useful life prescribed specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.



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**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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**e. Intangible Assets and Amortisation**

i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to assets will flow to the Company and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Ammortisation

Intangible assets are amortized over the estimated useful life on straight line method based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

The estimated useful life of the Intangible assets and the amortization period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortization period is revised to reflect the changed pattern, if any.

**f. Intangible Assets under Development**

In the transport business, there is always requirement by Corporate of vehicle for transportation of goods and at the same time on other hand there is person who is engaged in the business of providing of vehicle on hire or transportation of Goods services.

Company is in process of development of Software which provide information of available Transporter to person who will provide the service of transport to such person and at the same time also provide information to Transporter so that they will get customer.

The Expenditure incurred for making such standards software are capitalized under the head "Intangible Assets Under Development", as same is not ready to use as on cut off date.



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**g. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets**

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet Date. If there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors, impairment loss is provided to the extent the carrying amount of assets exceed their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

**h. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**i. Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

**j. Financial Assets**

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.



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On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognized at fair value, in case of Financial assets which are recognized at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost is attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are subsequently classified and measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

iii) Trade Receivables and Loans

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value. The amounts due from customers are mutually decided based on services provided to them in practical scenario. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost wherever required in case trade receivables are overdue, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

iv) Equity Instruments

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value; the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument are recognized as other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognized in OCI. Amounts recognized in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognized as 'other operating income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





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**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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v) Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

vi) Impairment of Financial Assets

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognizes 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Financial Liabilities**

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii) Derecognition



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**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

**k. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Commitments include the amount of purchase orders (net of advance) issued to parties for acquisition of assets.

Provisions, contingent assets, contingent liabilities and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

**1. Revenue Recognition**

i. Sale of Service

Revenue from Sale of Service is recognized at the time when services are performed and there exists reasonable certainty of ultimate collection of the service consideration.

ii. Interest Income



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Revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis considering the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

**m. Employee Benefits**

a) Short Term Employee Benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service

b) Post-employment benefits

i. Defined Contribution Plans

The Company has defined Contribution Plans for post-employment namely Provident Fund which is recognized by the Income Tax Authorities. These funds are administered through Regional Provident Fund Commissioner and the Company's contribution thereto is charged to revenue every year. The Company's Contribution to State Plans namely Employee's State Insurance Fund is charged to revenue every year.

ii. Defined benefit plan

Gratuity liability is accounted on Cash basis.

c) Termination benefits

The Company does not have system of accumulation of unutilized privilege leave applicable to its employees and have no provision is made for the same.

All terminal benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

**n. Leases**

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably



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certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease. The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

**As a Lessee**

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses incremental borrowing rate.

For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Group, on a lease-by-lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 - Leases to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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**As a Lessor**

At the inception of the lease the Group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In case of a finance lease, finance income is recognised over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease.

**o. Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate applicable to the respective borrowing.

Borrowing costs that are attributable to acquisition or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such asset. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes substantial period to get ready for its intended use/ sale. All Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

**p. Foreign Exchange Transactions**

i) Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

iii) Exchange Differences



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**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
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Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year or reported in the previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise except those relating to acquisition of fixed assets from outside India which are adjusted in the carrying amount of fixed assets.

In case of items which are covered by forward exchange contracts, the difference between the yearend rate and rate on the date of forward contract is recognized as exchange difference and premium/(discount) on forward contracts is recognized over the life of the contact

**q. Taxes on Income**

i) Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
**YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024**

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

**r. Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average numbers of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for events of bonus issue; bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders; share split; and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) if any.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all potential equity shares.

**s. Preliminary Expenses**

Preliminary expenses are recognized as an expense in determining accounting profit in the period in which they are incurred.

**t. Operating Segments**

The Company's only business is providing digital solution in transportation and logistics sector on electronic platform and hence disclosure of segment wise information is not applicable under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)- 108 as "Operating Segment". There is only one operating segment.





[Rs. In '000']

## 4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computers & Softwares	Total
<b>Cost as at April 1, 2022</b>				
Additions	11.77	17.20	1.73	30.70
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustment	-	-	-	-
<b>Cost as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>11.77</b>	<b>17.20</b>	<b>1.73</b>	<b>30.70</b>
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-
Balance as at April 1, 2022	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	0.71	1.81	0.25	2.77
Disposals	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>1.81</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>2.77</b>
<b>Net Block March 31, 2023</b>	<b>11.06</b>	<b>15.39</b>	<b>1.48</b>	<b>27.93</b>

Particulars	Furniture and Fixtures	Office equipment	Computers & Softwares	Total
<b>Cost as on April 1, 2023</b>				
Additions	11.77	17.20	1.73	30.70
Disposals	570.60	103.18	105.00	778.78
Other Adjustment	-	-	-	-
<b>Cost as on March 31, 2024</b>	<b>582.38</b>	<b>120.38</b>	<b>106.73</b>	<b>809.49</b>
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-
Balance as at April 1, 2023	0.71	1.81	0.25	2.77
Charge for the year	96.69	36.18	15.25	148.12
Disposals	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>97.40</b>	<b>37.99</b>	<b>15.50</b>	<b>150.89</b>
<b>Net Block March 31, 2024</b>	<b>484.98</b>	<b>82.39</b>	<b>91.23</b>	<b>658.60</b>



**M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.**  
**Notes forming part of Financial Statements**

**5 Other Intangible Assets**

(Rs. In "000")

Particulars	Software Development	Total
Gross carrying amount as on April 1, 2022		-
Additions	1,390.00	1,390.00
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
<b>Gross carrying amount as on 31st March 2023</b>	<b>1,390.00</b>	<b>1,390.00</b>
Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at April 1, 2022	-	-
Charge for the year	25.71	25.71
Disposals	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>25.71</b>	<b>25.71</b>
<b>Net carrying amount as on March 31, 2023</b>	<b>1,364.29</b>	<b>1,364.29</b>

(Rs. In "000")

Particulars	Software Development	Total
Gross carrying amount as on April 1, 2023	1,390.00	1,390.00
Additions	1,997.50	1,997.50
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
<b>Gross carrying amount as on 31st March 2024</b>	<b>3,387.50</b>	<b>3,387.50</b>
Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at April 1, 2023	25.71	25.71
Charge for the year	155.97	155.97
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>181.68</b>	<b>181.68</b>
<b>Net carrying amount as on March 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,205.82</b>	<b>3,205.82</b>

**Capital work-in-progress**

(Rs. In "000")

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Intangible Asset under development	1,255.00	-



M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Notes forming part of Financial Statements		Notes forming part of Financial Statements	
		As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
		(Rs. In "000")		(Rs. In "000")	
<b>6</b>	<b>Trade Receivables</b>				
	Unsecured, Considered Good Trade Receivable	-		3.00	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		-		<b>3.00</b>
Trade Receivables from Related Parties					
	<b>Particulars</b>		<b>Rs.</b>		<b>Rs.</b>
	Company in which any Director is a Member		-		-
Ageing for Trade Receivable-Billed outstanding as at 31st March 2024 & 31st March 2023 is as follows					
	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Outstanding as on 31st March 2024</b>		<b>Outstanding as on 31st March 2023</b>	
		Undisputed considered good	Disputed considered good	Undisputed considered good	Disputed considered good
	Not Due	-	-	-	-
	Less than 6 months	-	-	3.00	-
	6 months- 1 years	-	-	-	-
	1-2 years	-	-	-	-
	2-3 years	-	-	-	-
	More than 3 years	-	-	-	-
	<b>TOTAL</b>	-	-	<b>3.00</b>	-
<b>7</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>				
	Cash on Hand		2.14		33.82
	<b>Balance With Banks</b>				
	In Current Accounts	-		131.93	
	In Deposits Accounts	-		-	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>2.14</b>		<b>165.75</b>
There are no earmarked balances with banks					
There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior periods.					
	<b>Other Financial Assets</b>				
	Security Deposit	500.00			
			<b>500.00</b>		
<b>9</b>	<b>Other Current Assets</b>				
	Advances other than Capital Advances				
	a) Other Advances				
	Loans and Advances to Employees	44.31		16.00	
	Advance to Supplier	7.88		-	
	Others				
	a) Balance With Govt. Authorities	380.54		166.95	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>432.73</b>		<b>182.95</b>



M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Notes forming part of Financial Statements		Notes forming part of Financial Statements	
		As at March 31, 2024 (Rs. In "000")		As at March 31, 2023 (Rs. In "000")	
10	<b>Equity Share Capital</b>				
	<b>Authorized Share Capital</b> 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	100.00		100.00	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		100.00		100.00
	<b>Issued, Subscribed &amp; Paid up Capital</b> 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	100.00		100.00	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		100		100.00
10.1	<b>Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended March 31, 2023 &amp; March 31, 2024</b>				
	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Number of Shares (in "000")</b>	<b>Rs. (in "000")</b>	<b>Number of Shares (in "000")</b>	<b>Rs. (in "000")</b>
	Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	10.00	100.00	-	-
	Add:-Equity Shares issued during the year	-	-	10.00	100.00
	Equity Shares at the end of the year/period	10.00	100.00	10.00	100.00
10.2	<b>The Details of Shareholders Holding more than 5% shares as on 31st March 2023 &amp; 31st March 2024:-</b>				
	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Number of Shares Held (in "000")</b>	<b>% held</b>	<b>Number of Shares Held (in "000")</b>	<b>% held</b>
	<b>a) Details of Shares held by Shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:-</b>				
	Mr. Rupesh Shah	2.10	21.00	2.10	21.00
	Mr. Rakshit Shah	1.05	10.50	1.05	10.50
	Mr. Amit Shah	1.75	17.50	1.75	17.50
	<b>b) Details of Shares held by holding Company:-</b>				
	M/s. Shreeji Translogistics Ltd.	5.10	51.00	5.10	51.00
		10.00	100.00	10.00	100.00
10.3	<b>The Details of Disclosure of Promoters as on 31st March 2023 &amp; 31st March 2024:-</b>				
	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Number of Shares Held (in "000")</b>	<b>% of Total Shares</b>	<b>Number of Shares Held (in "000")</b>	<b>% of Total Shares</b>
	Mr. Rupesh Shah	2.10	21.00	2.10	21.00
	Mr. Rakshit Shah	1.05	10.50	1.05	10.50
	Mr. Amit Shah	1.75	17.50	1.75	17.50
	M/s. Shreeji Translogistics Ltd.	5.10	51.00	5.10	51.00
		10.00	100.00	10.00	100.00
11	<b>Other Equity</b>				
	<b>Retained Earnings</b>				
	Opening Balance		(491.67)		(491.67)
	Profit for the period		(2,079.70)		
	Closing Balance		(2,571.37)		(491.67)



M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Notes forming part of Financial Statements		Notes forming part of Financial Statements	
		As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
		(Rs. in "000")		(Rs. in "000")	
<b>12</b>	<b>Short Term Borrowings</b>				
	Loan from Directors	4,326.97		-	
	Bank Overdraft	2,634.01		-	
			<b>6,960.98</b>		<b>-</b>
Working Capital Term Loan taken from Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd. is secured against Fixed Deposit of Shrenji Translogistics Ltd. of Rs 15 Lakhs & Fixed Deposit of Director of Rs 10 Lakhs.					
<b>13</b>	<b>Trade Payable</b>				
	<u>Unsecured, Considered Good</u>				
	Other than MSME	561.40		132.62	
	MSME	-		-	
	Disputed dues- Others	-		-	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>561.40</b>		<b>132.62</b>
* MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006					
Ageing for Trade Payable-Billed outstanding as at 31st March 2023 & 31st March 2024 is as follows					
		Outstanding as on 31st March 2024		Outstanding as on 31st March 2023	
	<b>Particulars</b>	Undisputed considered good	Disputed considered good	Undisputed considered good	Disputed considered good
	Less than 1 Year	561.40	-	132.62	-
	1 -2 Years	-	-	-	-
	2 - 3 Years	-	-	-	-
	More than 3 years	-	-	-	-
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>561.40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>132.62</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Other Current Liabilities</b>				
	Others				
	a) Advance Received agst Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	-		900.00	
	b) Payable to TKD Communicatio LLP (net)	995.57		995.57	
	c) Reimbursement Expenses Payable to Ruposh Shah	-		91.97	
	d) Statutory Liabilities	7.71		15.43	
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>1,003.28</b>		<b>2,002.97</b>



M/S. TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.		Notes forming part of Financial Statements			
		As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
		(Rs. In "000")		(Rs. In "000")	
<b>15</b>	<b>Revenue From Operations</b>				
	a) Sale of Services	12.28		12.50	
			<b>12.28</b>		<b>12.50</b>
<b>15.1</b>	<b>Sale of Services comprises of:</b>				
	Service Charges		12.28		12.50
<b>16</b>	<b>Employee Benefit Expenses</b>				
	Salary, Wages and Bonus	302.88		290.91	
			<b>302.88</b>		<b>290.91</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>Financial Costs</b>				
	Interest on Bank Overdraft	57.54		-	
			<b>57.54</b>		
<b>18</b>	<b>Other Expenses</b>				
	<b>Administrative and Marketing Expenses</b>				
	Advertisement Expenses	88.59		57.25	
	Business Promotion	75.39		-	
	Bank Charges	0.98		6.53	
	Computer Expenses	16.15		-	
	Consultancy Services Expense	50.00		-	
	Conveyance Expenses	9.84		0.20	
	Electricity Expenses	50.50		6.00	
	Internet Expenses	68.30		2.06	
	Legal and Professional Fees	130.24		15.00	
	Member and Subscription Fee	38.41		-	
	Office Expenses	234.69		3.20	
	Postage and Delivery	0.80		-	
	Printing & Stationery	51.36		-	
	ROC Filing Charges	8.11		-	
	Rent, Rates and Taxes	339.59		89.01	
	Repair and Maintenance Expenses	2.90		0.21	
	Software Expenses	47.59		-	
	Telephone and Mobile Expenses	66.13		2.18	
	Travelling Expenses	147.91		3.15	
			<b>1,427.48</b>		<b>184.79</b>
			<b>1,427.48</b>		<b>184.79</b>



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**19 Fair Value Measurement**

(Rs. In '000')

**A) Financial instruments by category**

As per assessments made by the management, fair values of financial instruments carried either at Fair Value through Profit and Loss or amortised cost are not materially different from their carrying amounts since they are either short term nature or the interest rates applicable are equal to the current market rate of interest.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024			As at 31st March 2023		
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
<b>Financial assets</b>						
<b>Non-current assets</b>						
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Current assets</b>						
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	3.00
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2.14	-	-	165.75
Other Financial assets	-	-	500.00	-	-	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>	-	-	<b>502.14</b>	-	-	<b>168.75</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
<b>Non-Current liabilities</b>						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Current liabilities</b>						
Borrowings	-	-	6,960.98	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	561.40	-	-	132.62
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	-	-	<b>7,522.38</b>	-	-	<b>132.62</b>

**i) Fair value hierarchy**

This section explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the group has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Total Financial assets</b>				
<b>Investment in Equity Instruments of Other Companies</b>				
March 31, 2024	(ii)	-	-	-
March 31, 2023	(ii)	-	-	-
<b>Total Financial liabilities</b>				
March 31, 2024	(ii)	-	-	7,522.38
March 31, 2023	(ii)	-	-	-

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.



**ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value**

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

**Discounted cash flows:** The valuation model considers the present value of expected payment, discounted using risk-adjusted discount rate.

**iii) Valuation process**

The Company obtains valuation results from external valuers for level 2 measurements. Inputs to level 2 measurements are verified by the Company's treasury department.

**ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost**

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, interest accrued on fixed deposits, loans, unbilled revenue, trade payables and others are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.





iii Risk management framework

The management of the Company has implemented a risk management system that is monitored by the Board of Directors. The general conditions for compliance with the requirements for proper and future-oriented risk management within the Company are set out in the risk management principles. These principles aim at encouraging all members of staff to responsibly deal with risks as well as supporting a sustained process to improve risk awareness. The guidelines on risk management specify risk management processes, compulsory limitations, and the application of financial instruments. The risk management system aims at identifying, analyzing, managing, controlling and communicating risks promptly throughout the Company. Risk management reporting is a continuous process and part of regular Group reporting. In addition, our Corporate Function Internal Auditing regularly checks whether Company complies with risk management system requirements.

The Company is exposed to credit, liquidity and market risks (foreign currency risk and interest risk) during the course of ordinary activities. The aim of risk management is to limit the risks arising from operating activities and associated financing requirements by applying selected derivative and non-derivative hedging instruments. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it has taken various measures. This note explains the source of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and impact of the same in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans, other financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Ageing analysis, external credit rating (wherever available)	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and Bank Guarantee
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market risk	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Sensitivity analysis	Management follows established risk management policies.
Foreign currency risk	Financial assets and financial liabilities	Sensitivity analysis	Management follows established risk management policies.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis to mitigate impairment loss on receivables. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Company does not secure its financial assets with collaterals.

Maximum exposure to the credit risk represents the carrying value of the financial assets other than cash and cash equivalents, Security Deposits and available for sale investments in mutual funds and listed equity as follows:

(Rs. In '000')

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Trade and other receivables		
- from related parties	-	-
- from others	-	3.00
- on account of unbilled revenue	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3.00</b>

Cash and cash equivalents are neither past due nor impaired.

In case of other financial assets, there are no indicators as at March 31, 2024 that defaults in payment obligations will occur.



## TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD.

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024

(Rs. In '000')

NOTE No.	PARTICULARS	Unit of Measurement	AS AT 31ST MARCH 2024 RS.		AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023 RS.		Variation in %
20	<b>ANALYTICAL RATIO</b>						
1.	<b>Current Ratio = Current Assets / (Total Current Liabilities - Security Deposits payable on Demand - Current maturities of Long Term Debt)</b>	In Multiple		0.11		0.16	-33.42%
A	Current Assets		934.87		351.70		
B	Current Liabilities		8,325.66		2,135.59		
2	<b>Debt-Equity Ratio = (Short Term Debt + Long Term Debt) / Shareholders' Equity</b>	In Multiple		-2.82		N.A.	N.A.
A	Short Term Debt+Long Term Debt		6,960.98		-		
B	Shareholders Equity		(2,471.38)		(391.67)		
3	<b>Debt Service Coverage Ratio = EBITD / Total Debt Services</b>	In Multiple		N.A.		N.A.	N.A.
A	EBITD (Earning After Tax but before Interest and Dep.)		(1,718.08)		(463.19)		
B	Total Debt Services		-		-		
	Principal Repayment		-		-		
	Gross Interest on Loan		-		-		
4	<b>Return on Equity Ratio = Net Income / Shareholders Equity</b>	In %		84.15%		125.53%	-32.96%
A	Net Profit after tax		(2,079.70)		(491.67)		
B	Shareholders Equity		(2,471.38)		(391.67)		
5	<b>Inventory Turnover Ratio</b>	N.A.	N.A., as TKD DIGITRANS TECH PVT.LTD. is primarily engaged in the business of Digital Services.				
6	<b>Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio</b>	In Days		-		88	-100.00%
A	Trade Receivable		-		3.00		
B	Revenue From Operation		12.28		12.50		
7	<b>Trade Payable Turnover Ratio</b>	In Days		118		102	16.37%
A	Trade Payable		561.40		132.62		
B	Employee Benefit Expenses + Other Expenses		1,730.36		475.69		
8	<b>Net Capital Turnover Ratio = Revenue from Operation / Working Capital</b>	In Multiple		-0.003		-0.007	-62.61%
A	Revenue From Operation		12.28		12.50		
B	Working Capital		(4,687.34)		(1,783.90)		
9	<b>Net Profit Ratio = Profit before tax / Revenue from Operation</b>	In %		-16.936%		-3.933%	330.56%
A	Net Profit before tax		(2,079.70)		(491.67)		
B	Revenue From Operation		12.28		12.50		



(Rs. In "000")

NOTE No.	PARTICULARS	Unit of Measurement	AS AT 31ST MARCH 2024		AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023		Variation in %
			RS.		RS.		
10	<b>Return on Capital Employed Ratio= Profit before Tax + Finance Cost /Capital Employed</b>	In %		81.82%		125.53%	-34.82%
A	Profit before tax+ Finance cost		(2,022.16)		(491.67)		
B	Capital Employed= Total Assets-Total Current Liabilities		(2,471.38)		(391.67)		
11	<b>Return on Investment Ratio</b>	In %		N.A.		N.A.	N.A.
A	Income from Investment		-		-		
B	Average Investment		-		-		

Note: Profit before/after tax includes Exceptional Items.

**REASONS FOR VARIATION IN RATIO BY 25% OR MORE AS COMPARE TO PRECEEDING YEAR**

Variation in coverage, turnover and other profitability ratios is primarily due to increase in Expenses during the year ended March 31, 2024.

**1 For Current Ratio**

There is variance in Current Ratio due to drastic increase in Current liabilities in current year as compared to preceeding year.

**2 For Net Capital Turnover Ratio**

There is increase in working capital during the year ended March 31, 2024 as compared to preceeding year.

**3 For Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio**

There is variance in trade receivable ratio due to decrease in outstanding trade receivable in current year as compared to preceeding year.

**4 For Return on Capital Employed Ratio**

There is variance in Capital Employed ratio as there is increase in loss in the current year as compared to preceeding year.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE**  
**YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2024**

- 21) Debit & Credit balances in the accounts are subject to confirmation.
- 22) In the Opinion of the Board, any of the assets other than fixed assets and non-current investments do not have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.
- 23) The Company has taken over software division of TKD Communication LLP w.e.f. 5<sup>th</sup> Jan .2023. All the Assets and Liabilities (Other than Partners Capital Balance) relating to software division of said LLP is transferred by said LLP to Company at book value. The difference between value of assets taken over liabilities is shown as "Amount Payable to said LLP" in the books of Company.
- 24) The Company has not received any information from the vendors regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Hence the disclosure with regard to amounts unpaid as at the year/period end together with interest paid / under the said Act has not been given.
- 25) Related Party Disclosure; -

**a. Name of the Related Parties and description of Relationships: -**

<b>Key Management Personnel</b>	1. Mr. Rupesh Shah –Director 2. Mr. Rakshit Shah –Director 3. Mr. Amit Shah - Director
<b>Holding Company</b>	Shreeji Translogistics Ltd
<b>Enterprises in which member or key management or their relatives of reporting enterprise having exercise significant influence</b>	TKD Communication LLP

**b. Details of transaction with above mentioned Related Parties: -**

<b>Description of the Nature of Transaction</b>	<b>Volume of Transaction during 2023-24 (Rs. In "000")</b>	<b>Volume of Transaction during 2022-23 (Rs. In "000")</b>
<b>Purchase of Software (Gross)</b>		
TKD Communication LLP	NIL	1109.20
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>NIL</b>	<b>1109.20</b>



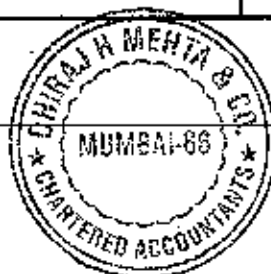
**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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Description of the Nature of Transaction	Volume of Transaction during 2023-24 (Rs. In "000")	Volume of Transaction during 2022-23 (Rs. In "000")
<b>Advance Received</b>		
Shreeji Translogistics Ltd	NIL	900.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>NIL</b>	<b>900.00</b>
<b>Advance Repaid</b>		
Shreeji Translogistics Ltd	900.00	NIL
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>900.00</b>	<b>NIL</b>
<b>Loan Received</b>		
Amit Shah	150.00	NIL
Rakshit Shah	120.00	NIL
Rupesh Shah	4056.97	NIL
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4326.97</b>	<b>NIL</b>

c. Details of the amount due to or due from related parties as at: -

(Rs. In "000")

Description of the Nature of Transaction	Amounts outstanding as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	Amounts outstanding as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023
<b>Advance Received: -</b>		
Shreeji Translogistics Ltd	NIL	900.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>NIL</b>	<b>900.00</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Net Amount payable to TKD Communication LLP	995.57	995.57
Amit Shah	150.00	NIL
Rakshit Shah	120.00	NIL
Rupesh Shah	4056.97	NIL



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Description of the Nature of Transaction	Amounts outstanding as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	Amounts outstanding as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>5322.54</b>	<b>995.57</b>
<b>Reimbursement Expenses Payable</b>		
Rupesh Shah	NIL	91.97
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>NIL</b>	<b>91.97</b>

- 26) The Company does not have any sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupces, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year.
- 27) Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee in the above notes on accounts.
- 28) Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm the current year classification.
- 29) **Additional regulatory and other information as required by the Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013:-**
- a) The Company has not granted any loan or advance in the nature of loan to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment;
- b) The Company has not made any borrowings from banks and financial institutions, hence requirement of Registration, Modification and Satisfaction of charges relating to the year/period under review, is not applicable;
- c) The Company is not required to spent on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure, since Neither Company's Networth is Rs.500 crore or more, Turnover is Rs.1000 crore or more nor and Net Profit is Rs.5 crore or more during immediately preceding year, as Company is incorporated during the previous financial year/period and hence provision of section 135 of the Act is not applicable.



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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- d) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
- e) The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lenders;
- f) The Company does not have central data base of struck off companies in India and hence Company is unable to trace parties with whom it has entered in to transactions, which are struck off by Registrar of Companies.
- g) The Company is a subsidiary of Shreeji Translogistics Ltd and does not have any subsidiary company and accordingly, compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 has been complied with for the year under consideration;
- h) There are no Scheme of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year/period;
- i) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- j) The company has also not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



**TKD DIGITRANS TECH PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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- k) The Company do not have any transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 during any of the year/period;
- l) The Company did not trade or invest in Crypto Currency or virtual currency during the financial year/period. Hence, disclosures relating to it are not applicable.

**SIGNATURE TO NOTES TO ACCOUNTS**

**For Dhiraj H Mehta & Co.**  
**Chartered Accountants**

**For and on behalf of the Boards**  
**TKD Digitrans Tech Private Limited**



**Dhiraj H Mehta**  
**Proprietor**

**Amit Shah**  
**Director**  
**DIN: 07548548**

**Rakshit Shah**  
**Director**  
**DIN: 07014656**

**Membership No. 129288**  
**Place: Mumbai**  
**Date: May 27, 2024**  
**UDIN: 24129288BKATRU3077**